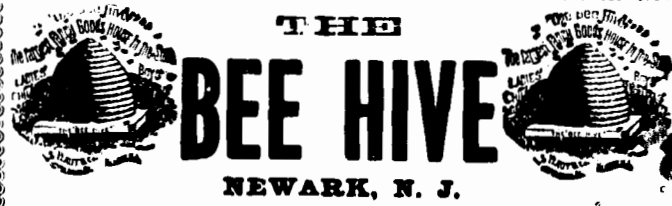


SEMI-WEEKLY THE UNION COUNTY STANDARD. TUESDAY FRIDAY

VOL. XIV. NO. 8. WESTFIELD, UNION COUNTY, N. J., TUESDAY, OCTOBER 12, 1897. \$2 Per Year. Single Copies 3c.

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M. M. ANDERSON, Postmaster. JULY 1, 1902. A. H. CLARK, General Delivery Clerk.

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French Horses, However, Are Superior to Those Used Here. The French horseman does not ride as well as his prototype in the United States...

Ants With Pluck and Brains. To the intellectuality of ants, which men like Sir John Lubbock have always delighted to point out, a new proof has been added...

From a Union County Tax Payer.

New York, October 9, 1897. The citizens of Union county have recently been considering a project for the county to build an electric railroad...

Advertisement for a Trained Nurse, featuring an illustration of a woman and text: 'Wean your baby on H-O. Boil the flakes for one hour, strain, and thin with milk.'

Any railroad man of experience would know this was an impossibility. For those who do not know let us give a comparison...

New Jersey's Greatest Store Hahne & Co. ONE HUNDRED COMPLETE STORES UNDER ONE ROOF.

EVERYTHING FOR Fall and Winter That any person would wear or put into a home we have at the VERY LOWEST PRICE.



Cannot be Undersold, Not Even by New York Stores. EVERY ARTICLE MARKED IN PLAIN FIGURES. Our system is so perfect that a child can do business with us as safely and thoroughly as an adult.

HAHNE & CO., - - - Newark, N. J. 'Refreshing' and 'Delicious' are words that we often hear after people have tried Orange Phosphate.

The County cannot become bankrupt and confiscate the land needed for widening the street, benefits and damages must be paid, and the cost to the county must certainly be as much as \$2,000 per acre.

Table showing the report of the New Jersey State Board of assessors for the last year showing the following gross earnings per mile of track per annum for several cities:

Let us also consider a few suburban roads, viz. The New Jersey Electric railway, which starts at the Lakawanna ferry, Hoboken, and runs through...

The living pictures at Proctor's Theatre, 231 street, met with such great success during the past week that they will be detained indefinitely.

There can be no denying the fact that James J. Corbett is rapidly becoming an important theatrical attraction.

The Pleasure Palace is doing the most enormous business in its history. It is giving colossal entertainments at the most popular prices found at any music hall in the world.

Business Cards. R. M. FRENCH, FURNITURE, CARPETS, OIL-CLOTHS, MATTINGS. C. E. PEARSALL & CO., REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE AGENCY. C. B. HANN, CARPENTER & BUILDER. PETER FRAZER, MASON AND BUILDER. MISS MARY L. BARTON, WILL RECEIVE PUPILS IN PIANO AND HARMONY. S. D. WINTER, GRADING OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.

F. P. KELLEY, FINE CARRIAGES AND BUSINESS WAGONS. M. L. SAULSBURY, CIVIL ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR. Religious Notices. CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH OF CHRIST, Rev. Henry Ketchum, Pastor. WESTFIELD BAPTIST CHURCH, Rev. George A. Fries, Pastor. METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH, Rev. Wm. H. Bush, Pastor.

WESTFIELD PHARMACY, Broad and Prospect Streets, WESTFIELD, N. J. W. H. TRENCHARD, Prescription Druggist.

Mullins & Sons

218-220 MARKET STREET, NEWARK, N. J.

Lowest Values in Parlor and Chamber Suits. Also additional bargains in Sideboards. Everything as advertised. Come and get our Prices.



Parlor Suits.

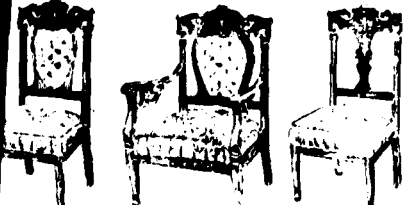
Silk Tapestry Suits, regular value \$100.00, at **\$62.50**

Silk Damask Suits, regular value \$75.00, at **\$52.50**

Silk Brocade Suits, regular value \$65.00, at **\$45.00**

Silk Brocade Suits, regular value \$55.00, at **\$35.00**

100 New Parlor Suits, at **\$25.75**



\$12.50
Solid Oak Sideboards, hand-carved and nicely finished.



Another lot of these beautiful new Chamber Suits, hand-carved, at **\$12**

\$12.50

Sideboards from \$10 to \$75.

New Fall Carpets

Tapestry Brussels Carpet, regularly sold for \$1.50, at **55c yd.**

Regular \$1.35 Moquette Carpet, at **\$1.00 yd.**



All Baby Carriages this week at cost of manufacturer. Come and take your choice. All styles. **2.75 up**

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IMPROVED MODE OF MOVING

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FURNITURE. BOXED, SHIPPED, UNBOXED.

"HELLO" 211.

Storage Warehouse (Brick Building) for the storage of Furniture, Pianos and Baggage in separate compartments.

R. WOODRUFF, Prop.

CANDY CATHARTIC Cascarets

CURE CONSTIPATION

REGULATE THE LIVER

10¢ 25¢ 50¢

ABSOLUTELY GUARANTEED to cure any case of constipation. Cascarets are the ideal laxative, never grip, but cause easy natural results. Sample and booklet free. Ad. STERLING REMEDY CO., Chicago, Montreal, Cal., or New York. 317

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Aerated Milk and Sterilized Cream

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TINNING, ROOFING, ETC., HARDWARE, HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS, AND ALL KINDS OF GARDEN TOOLS, STOVES AND RANGES.

BROAD STREET, WESTFIELD, N. J.

WENT OUT AND HOLLERED. OFFERED HIM TWO WIVES.

How a Witness in a Pension Case Announced Her Husband's Death.

It was the trial of a member of one of Norfolk's foremost families. The defendant was a woman and was charged with forgery and complicity in pension fraud. As the proceedings drew to a close all the city crowded into the courtroom. Residents from Great and launders from the wharfs sat together on one bench, and the bailiff, not to lose so good a chance, manifested his authority by calling out "order" and himself making more noise than all the people in the court.

The last witness was a negro, portly and very black. Her voice was singularly mellow and sweet. The government was questioning her about the death of her husband, and her testimony was directly against the defendant. The courtroom was consequently very quiet and still.

"You say your husband died in Norfolk?" snarled the district attorney.

"Yessah."

"You were with him?"

"Yessah. Right dere with him when he died."

"Tell us about it."

"I member, sah, he got up through the night. He said he was too wa'm lying down dere with me and de little child. 'Ize too wa'm,' he said. 'I'll go to de winduh and lie down dere.' He generally got up nights anyhow when he was too wa'm."

"I don't know how long he had been lying by de winduh 'fore I heard a rattle. I generally keeps a lamp burning nights. I hears him say, 'Ole toman.' I started up, and he says, 'Ole toman, got up.' And I jumped up an says, 'Ole toman.' He says, 'What?'"

"I jumped up and went to him at de winduh, and he was like he was struggling. I says, 'Honey, what's de matter?' and he says, 'I don't know.' I said, 'Lord have mercy, what's de matter wid you?' And after I said dat he didn't say no mo'. G-men, he died right off. I said, 'Lord Jesus, my husband gone. What am I gwyne to do?' No one was with me but dat child. I went out and hollered. Some said 'I'll look at night de heard me holler. I went out and hollered for some one to come, fo' my husband was dead.'—Washington Post.

Windsor Castle Treasures.

Those marvelous treasures, the gold and silver pantries, which lie close together in the northeast corner of Windsor castle, at the foot of the Prince of Wales' tower, were until recent years very frequently visited by the queen, who, with her hutsely love of detail, never considered it beneath her dignity to make intimate acquaintance with the vast quantity of articles in the precious metals, which have either been personal gifts to herself or form a hereditary appanage to her state. Even lately her majesty has visited her pantries in her wheel chair, and the present arrangement of the multitude of objects therein has been made entirely with her personal approval. Apart from the interest which necessarily attaches to articles which are in daily and intimate use by the queen, the plate at Windsor castle is acknowledged the finest collection in the world and is more than worthy of consideration.

The two so-called pantries—which in reality are strong rooms of the most approved and well arranged kind—are separated from one another by the plate cleaning rooms, which are furnished with all kinds of known appliances for the adequate polishing and burnishing of every kind of rare and delicate goldsmith's work. All the royal plate is carried to these rooms in rotation and cleaned, whether in use or not, and the system employed for giving it out and receiving it back forms ample and responsible work for the groom of the pantries and their assistants, many of whom are veritable giants among men, as the weights that have to be moved are very often enormous.—Collier's Weekly.

A Train of Blackguards.

In many of the great cities of Europe whenever a great festival is about to take place all the questionable and suspicious characters are "urged" by the police to take a few days' airing in the country and to disappear for a time from their accustomed haunts. This is found preferable to putting them under lock and key.

In Petersburg and Moscow and in Vienna these who do not leave of their own accord on being thus pressed are shipped off by the police in a special train, and Japan has recently adopted the same excellent custom.

Now, whenever a popular pageant is about to take place the Soshi-no-Kisha, or "train of blackguards," may be seen steaming away into the country with its freight of known and suspected malefactors.

Then She Fainted.

Niece (showing the wedding presents to Uncle Tom)—I wanted you to see them all, dear Uncle Tom, so that you won't send a duplicate. Duplicate wedding presents are very annoying, you know.

Uncle Tom—It'm. What's this?

Niece—That's papa's check for £200. Isn't it lovely?

Uncle Tom—Very. I intended to send you the same thing, but rather than annoy you with a duplicate present I'll send £100.—London Answers.

King Cetevay Appreciated the Tumor's Singing a "Old Dog Tray."

"There is music in a name, or at least I think so," said Albert toward Thiers, the tumor, who once sang for old Cetevay, king of the Zulus. Mr. Cetevay Thiers several years ago bore the Tumor's reign of terror and had it changed to Thiers. His fame spread, and his middle name was wedded to his surname with a hyphen.

"I am more French than German," he continued, "and my vocal method is not at all German. Many people imagine that a German vocalist is a master of the guttural, and that is one reason why I had my name changed. I have no prejudice against the German method, only I prefer the French method of singing. People who were introduced to me used to ask if I was German. As I speak French and not German, I concluded to change my name to Thiers. My wife is an American, but she has lived so long in Paris that she speaks French like a native and has nothing German in her appearance or manners."

"Did you sing in French to King Cetevay?"

"No; I sang in English. The old Zulu was in captivity when I saw him in Africa. I was singing in Cape Colony in my boyhood days with an English opera company, and after it stranded I visited the deposed African monarch. The English kept him guarded at a farmhouse, but allowed him privileges. I sang several operatic airs for him, but they did not please him, and in despair I tried 'Old Dog Tray.' He liked it, and when told the story he said a dog was faithful and wished me to sing it again. Then he embarrassed me exceedingly by presenting me with two of his wives. Each was more than six feet in height and black as the ace of spades. I deposed his royal offer, although he declared the wives would not be missed."—New York Commercial.

DINING AND FEEDING.

American Table Manners Not So Open to Criticism as Formerly.

It has been concluded that the degree of civilization a people has reached may be accurately measured by its dietary. Now, some one has said that "the American feeds, the Englishman devours, the Frenchman dines." In view of this statement one wonders what the English have been doing through the centuries to have advanced so high. We do not pretend to answer for them, but would say for ourselves, we have been heaving our way through forests, pioneering in every direction, in every sense—ample apology for feeding instead of dining.

But, of course, it was a Frenchman, who made the declaration, and, of course, he made it long ago, when, mortifying though it be, honesty compels us to acknowledge that we may have been guilty. This, however, and conditions have changed, and not even the most bigoted Frenchman will refuse to admit that when the American has reached the dining point he will have more to dine upon than any other man in the world. The culture of man in America will demand all the art in his cuisine that France by study has evolved, with the added merit of honesty in his food, the disguises incident to poverty of material not being a necessity. There is no department of supply in which we have not the advantage, and we are learning to use our materials as rapidly as we have been obliged to learn all other things.—Ella Morris Kretschmar in Woman's Home Companion.

What Wrestlers Should Eat.

The Japanese wrestlers are a race of giants; they often weigh from 14 to 24 stone. At the Imperial hotel in Tokyo once they brought their champion wrestler to my room. He was prodigious in size and as fat and fair as a baby. He was a Hercules in strength, but looked like an overgrown cherub of Correggio.

"What do you eat?" I asked.

"Rice, nothing but rice."

"Why not eat meat?"

"Meat is weakening. Beef is 70 per cent water. Rice is 80 per cent food. I ate lean beef-steak once and my strength left me. The other man ate rice and threw me down."

My companion said: "This wrestler is the champion of Japan. No one can throw him."—Parson's Weekly.

She Supervises a Farm.

In spite of being college-bred the ability to earn a living in the most businesslike manner has been proved by Miss Anna T. Hayes of Louisville. She is now taking personal supervision of her father's farm of 200 acres. She is devoting time and money to the development of a special breed of pigs for the specialty-cured hams of which there is a growing demand in the state. The pigs are fattened on sterilized milk, meal and apples and are brought up to a uniform weight. The hams are cured on the farm. The young woman is making a complete success of her venture.

Bright Valet.

Valet (to officer's fiancée)—My lieutenant has sent me to bring you this bouquet of forest flowers, plucked by his own hands.

Fiancée—Oh, how poetic! And how long it must have taken together them!

Valet—Indeed, miss, it took me nearly three hours.—Fleegende Blätter.

J. S. IRVING CO.,

DEALERS IN

Coal, Lumber,

Building Materials, Mouldings and Kindling Wood. Fertilizers

For Lawn, Garden and Field.

Office and Yard—Central Ave., near R. R. Crossing, Westfield

Orders by Mail Will Receive Prompt Attention.

R. F. HOHENSTEIN,

FLOUR, FEED, HAY AND GRAIN

PEET MOSS FOR BEDDING.

PRATT'S HORSE FOOD.

WE SELL FIRST CLASS GOODS ONLY.

ALL POULTRY SUPPLIES.

Store, Prospect St., Opposite Standard Building.



Don't Waste Money

by having cheap plumbing put into your house. It isn't there long before something is either bursting or leaking and the money consumed little by little soon amounts to the same as the original first class work.

M. H. FERRIS.
Sanitary Plumbing.
WESTFIELD, N. J.

SAVER TONIC PURIFIES THE BLOOD.

A POSITIVE CURE FOR

DYSPEPSIA, MALARIA,
CHILLS AND FEVER, GRIPPE,
BILIOUSNESS, SICK-HEADACHE,
CONSTIPATION AND
GENERAL DEBILITY.

PRICE 50 Cts.
AT ALL DRUGGISTS.

Restores KIDNEY, LIVER & SPLEEN.
Will Keep your Stomach in Healthy Condition.

SAVER MEDICAL CO.
49 and 51
Marion St., N. Y.

SAVER LIVER PILLS 25 CENTS.

Purely Vegetable. Will cure Biliousness, Constipation, Piles, Sick-Headache, and Dyspepsia.

Small Easy taken.

Send for Pamphlet.

HUMOR AND ITS USES.

It is the Sunshine of the World, but May Be Overworked.

"Humor is the very sunshine of the world," writes Carrie E. Garrett in The Woman's Home Companion. "Hardly any other single gift will go so far to refresh and inspire one in everyday life and keep the heart still young. It steals merrily across the workaday world, animating the dreariest monotony and finding place in the most hopeless destiny. Such a gay traveling companion is humor for the pilgrimage of life."

"The woman with a sense of humor has a safeguard against ennui, against folly and against despair. She can never be dull so long as the comedy of life is being played before her eyes. With a keen sense of the ridiculous she is not likely to 'make a fool of herself,' and she will never be hopelessly unhappy, for she will find in the most adverse fate something still to laugh at, and after all laughter is your true alchemist. However it may be with the unmusical common laugh spontaneously on occasions is fit for treasuries, stratagems and spoils."

"But this blessed gift of humor should be used to lift the shadows of life, not to deepen them. A joke which causes another pang of humiliation or makes some sensitive heartache is not only a cruel sort of amusement, but it is also a very expensive indulgence. For just a moment's gratification at having made a 'hit' the 'funny woman' may forever lose a friend and may even arouse a very genuine spirit of enmity. We learn to forgive and mayhap forget many injuries in life's troubled journey, but perhaps among the wounds that rankle longest in the human heart are those which are made 'only in fun.'"

William F. Mitchell,

Plain and Ornamental

House Painting

Interior Decorating and Paper Hanging in all its branches.

Fresco work a specialty.

Estimates cheerfully given.

Residence:

CUMBERLAND STREET,

P. O. Box 43. Westfield, N. J.

The New York and

Elizabeth Dispatch

STODDARD'S EXPRESS.

Have opened an office with Mr. Burtis, opposite the depot. Prompt service and lower rates than any other line. Daily deliveries between Elizabeth, Newark, New York, and all points between these and Plainfield. Goods forwarded to all points.

PEAN ROYAL BRAND

English Diamond Brand. Guaranteed to be the best. Made in England. Sold by all druggists.

100-100 for Fifty Cents. Guaranteed to be the best. Made in England. Sold by all druggists.

THE UNION COUNTY STANDARD

Published Every Tuesday and Friday. The Standard Publishing Concern. E. J. WHITEHEAD, President. A. E. PEARSALL, Vice-President. S. E. PEARSALL, Secretary-Treasurer.

SUBSCRIPTION. - - \$2 Per Year STRICTLY IN ADVANCE.

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ALFRED E. PEARSALL, Editor. C. E. PEARSALL, Manager.

WESTFIELD, N. J., OCT. 12, 1897.



New Yorkers are now working out the issue of government by the newspapers and boss rule.

As to trolley franchises, it has been already ascertained that Plainfield and Newark are not good points from which to study and decide upon Westfield's sentiments.

The Hanna dynasty at Washington seems to think that the coming Greater New York elections have something of political significance nationwide and national-wide.

We note with great satisfaction the advent of the pneumatic tube for increasing and expediting postal facilities. Is it not about time for Westfield to think of deliveries of mail matter by carriers?

Now that Spain has degraded the butcher Weyler, who all too long disgraced not only the Spanish government but civilized warfare—as if there could be such a thing as civilized warfare!—it is gratifying to believe that this step will not stop the Cuban patriots from gaining their entire independence.

It remains to be seen just what town committeeman Harden thinks is an expression of the will of the people. He said to the STANDARD on Friday night that he did not think Friday night's vote was general enough to be accepted by him. It was just such rank heresy as that which brought the vengeance of the voters of Westfield down upon a former town committee that undertook to say that a ballot at the rate of three to one was not entitled to their attention because it was not large enough. The vote of Friday plainly told the town committee that our citizens were opposed to letting the trolley people have our county road for their road bed upon any terms whatever. It is just as well for Mr. Harden and the rest of the town committee to understand that the people have had enough of that sort of thing. The meeting of Friday night was a splendid success. It was a worthy thing for the town committee to invite the citizens to hear and be heard. It is to be hoped and expected that the town officials have acted in good faith, and that they propose to carry out the people's wishes and not to ignore them as one town committee did to their everlasting disgrace as officers and to the everlasting expense of our citizens. We refer, of course, to the committee that delivered us hand and foot, to the Union Water Company.

The trolley meeting last Friday night did not decide that a trolley should not pass through Westfield, but it did decide that our county road system should not be ruined. It did decide that the applicant—the Elizabeth and Westfield Company—was too mysterious a corporation to grant the franchise to. A trolley will go through Westfield, and that trolley will either be owned by a corporation, or by the people. The roads of this township are the property of the people. If we grant a franchise to a private corporation to occupy eighteen feet of the county

road, they own that eighteen feet for all practical purposes, and any condition we may fix cannot change that proposition. There are, therefore, two propositions before us. First, shall we allow a private corporation, that the people have no voice in the management of, to lay tracks on our roads; or, secondly, shall we lay and control our own tracks.

Mr. Bergen well explained the chicane of a corporation when once they had a foot-hold, and none knows better than he; how we wish his conversion had taken place at the time of the water controversy. Frank, we will look out for you when the time comes. Our fear, is that Mr. Bergen is not altogether out of the words of corporation mystery. However, we are pleased to take him by the hand and say, "Well done, good and faithful servant; you are faithful over a few things, and we may make you ruler over many." But you know this is a Democratic country where a ruler means a servant.

The people, well, they responded nobly; they heard and were heard, and when they came to vote there was no need of restating the question. Westfielders are independent fellows anyway. The town committee got their cue, for there were few in the hall in favor of the trolley except those who came from out of town in its interest. Foster Voorhis talked well; he always does; but even his smooth flowery way could not change the people.

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The Republican primary will be held at Etta Hall on Monday, Oct. 18, 1897, at 8 o'clock p. m., for the purpose of selecting 11 delegates to county convention at Lycemum theatre on Thursday, Oct. 21, at 3 p. m., also 15 members of executive committee and 9 members of county committee. Polls will remain open one hour.

W. MOREHOUSE, Secretary.

Chief Dennis Gets a Private Fire Alarm. The New York and New Jersey Telephone company will shortly place a Gamewell fire alarm gong in the residence of Chief Engineer J. A. Dennis on Charles street, and connect the gong with the fire alarm at the department house. When an alarm of fire is sounded the gong will ring in the chief's residence until the alarm is turned off at the department building.

NOT ON NORTH AVENUE.

MEETING SAYS NO TO TROLLEY COMPANY.

A Good-Styled Meeting and a Rather Disjointed Discussion, Which Nevertheless Expressed the Public Sentiment. Bergen in Demand.

At the public hearing given by the town committee last Friday on the subject of granting the Westfield and Elizabeth Street Railway Co. the privilege of laying tracks on North avenue, the meeting was opened by chairman Endicott, after which clerk Ross read the petition.

C. B. Poddie got the floor first to ask who the incorporators were, he wanted to know with we were dealing.

Secretary E. W. Hine said they were Chandler W. Riker, Adrian Riker and himself, and that the corporation had been organized to extend the Plainfield system to Elizabeth. Incidentally he explained that South avenue had been proposed, but they had considered it thoroughly and found that not a man they could find would invest a dollar in a railroad on that street.

Martin Welles thought South avenue was all right for the purpose and that a majority of the people on the line of the proposed road lived south of the tracks. He favored a trolley road through Westfield but not on North avenue. At any rate, he said, we should not surrender North avenue to a trolley corporation unless we were well paid for it. Bound Brook got \$5,000, and reasoning by analogy, we ought to get \$10,000 at least.

C. N. Codding thought the meeting should hear from the trolley people first, as to what they proposed, and then comment on the proposition and decide on an expression of views.

Foster M. Voorhis was recognized in the room, and as he was known to be the company's counsel, he was repeatedly

called on for remarks. He began to speak in the middle of the hall but was urged and coaxed on the stage. He explained that the committee had a map of the route before them spread on a table, that the company first wanted to know what conditions the committee would impose, and then they would talk. He said it was a bargain to be made between the committee and the company. The company would pay no more than they had to, and he expected the committee would get as much as they could. He also explained that the company would lay their tracks either in the center of North avenue or along the curb, just as the committee should decide. They would agree to maintain the pavement put there by the town or county in good repair, pay a license of so much per car run, and, beginning at some future date, pay a percentage of gross earnings.

Mr. Voorhis didn't think they would. A. A. Gullis asked Voorhis to read the figures as they were on the map explaining the street layout. The plan provided for a 12-foot sidewalk on each side, and the trolley tracks would open by 11 feet in the center, leaving a roadway 14 feet wide, from curb to rail, each side of the tracks.

Col. Starr wanted to know why Middlesex street was selected. Hine explained that it was to accommodate prospective population on the street.

Starr admitted that he was like the majority, in that he wanted the trolley to run in front of his neighbor's house instead of his own, and made an argument for south avenue.

E. J. Whitehead asked if the petitioners owned the Plainfield system. Hine explained that they were largely interested in it, and that the Rikers, practically owned it. Why don't the Plainfield company build this road there, asked E. J. Whitehead. Voorhis replied that they hadn't money enough.

C. B. Poddie asked why they chose improved North avenue from Westfield to Plainfield. Voorhis made an explanation which didn't explain, and Hine explained that they wanted to pass through Scotch Plains.

W. Morehouse thought the trolley company should buy their right of way, then they could run their line 100 feet north or south of the railroad, as they chose, and the abutting property would be greatly enhanced in value.

Wartin Welles thought the question before the house was, Do we want it on the county road on any terms? If so, how much shall we charge?

E. J. Whitehead didn't think the people knew who they were dealing with, they didn't know whether if the franchise was granted the road would be built or the charter declared with.

S. W. Reese said he understood Frank Bergen had a plan for something different, and as Mr. Bergen was present he thought it would be well for the meeting to hear from him. His proposal was greeted with applause.

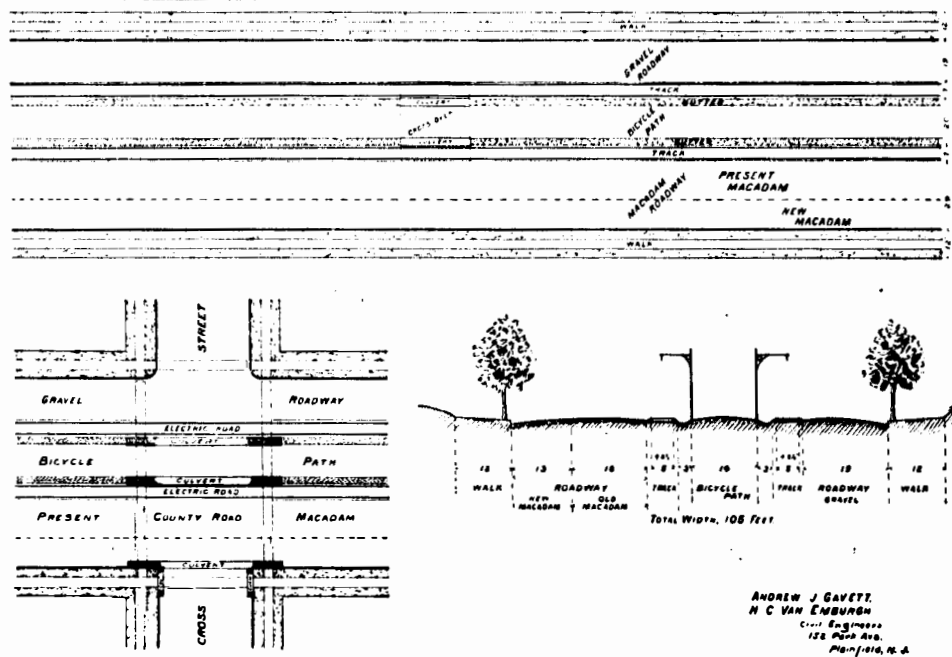
L. G. Cohen said the subject before the house didn't include Bergen's plan that there was a straight question before the house which should be answered before listening to Mr. Bergen.

Reese protested that it was proper to hear Bergen, and was applauded.

Geo. W. Tice insisted that there was only one question before the house.

Theodore S. McGarrath thought we should know who are the real projectors, and what means they have to carry out their proposals.

Voorhis replied that the projectors were the three men named and other capitalists. The three are the largest stockholders.



THE AMENDED PLAN.

Frank Bergen's plan for widening the county road and building a trolley line on it made no provision for a cycle path. The cycle path is James T. Pierson's amendment. The above drawing shows the plan as amended. Every cyclist of either sex will second Mr. Pierson's amendment with all his (or her) heart, and give him the good speed. The space for the 14 foot path is gained by making the sidewalks 12 instead of 15 feet wide, and making the roadways 20 and 19 feet respectively, as seen in the drawing, instead of 26 feet each. The gutters between the path and the tracks each side will serve to prevent accidents which might happen often if the path extended up to the rail on either side. It is much more than likely that if the avenue is widened and the rails laid it will be done substantially as shown in the above plan.

If you like the idea say so to Mr. Pierson or some member of the committee, and when it leaves their hands for the commissioners who will order the work done, make your voice heard in the most effective way you can. The committee of eleven are John B. Dumont and DeWitt C. Ivins of Plainfield, Frank W. Westcott of Fairwood, James T. Pierson of Westfield, Jasper C. Hunt of Cranford, Geo. W. Doty of Union, Albert B. Carlton, Louis Quisen and Alexander Kerr of Elizabeth, W. H. Coffey of Summit and B. A. Vail of Rahway. Vail is chairman and Quisen secretary.

John B. Jacques, John D. Jacques, for thirty-three years a resident of Westfield, died at his home on Prospect street last Saturday, aged 79 years. He was born in New York in 1818, and had lived in this state 36 years. He was in the piano and music business in New York with his father at one time, but has had no business since he came to Westfield. He served as justice of the peace for awhile, beginning in 1878. Funeral services were held at his late residence yesterday at 2 o'clock, the Rev. N. W. Caldwell officiating. Interment was in Fairview. He leaves a son, Elliott D. Jacques of Boston, who was present at the funeral, and who has resided in Boston for ten years, a widow and two daughters, who lived with him here. Deceased was much respected by all who knew him.

Republican Primary. The Republican primary will be held at Etta Hall on Monday, Oct. 18, 1897, at 8 o'clock p. m., for the purpose of selecting 11 delegates to county convention at Lycemum theatre on Thursday, Oct. 21, at 3 p. m., also 15 members of executive committee and 9 members of county committee. Polls will remain open one hour.

W. MOREHOUSE, Secretary.

Chief Dennis Gets a Private Fire Alarm. The New York and New Jersey Telephone company will shortly place a Gamewell fire alarm gong in the residence of Chief Engineer J. A. Dennis on Charles street, and connect the gong with the fire alarm at the department house. When an alarm of fire is sounded the gong will ring in the chief's residence until the alarm is turned off at the department building.

Advertisement for L. Bamberger & Co. featuring 'BAMBERGER' brand window shades and lace curtains. It lists various styles like Nottingham Curtains and Opaque Window Shades with prices ranging from 19c to 98c. The address is Market and Halsey Sts., Newark, N. J.

Advertisement for Turrill's Cash Grocery, featuring a 'GREAT SPECIAL SALE!' in the household department. It lists various household items like Grand Rapid Carpet Sweepers, Baking Tins, and Stove Pipes with prices. The address is Broad Street.

Advertisement for Walker's Grocery, featuring 'NEW DRIED FRUITS, NEW MAPLE SYRUP, NEW MAPLE SUGAR, NEW CANNED GOODS, NEW PICKLES.' It also advertises M. B. Walker, a custom tailor, with services like 'Repairing, Cleaning and Pressing' and 'Suits to Order a Specialty.' The address is Broad St., opp. Post Office, Westfield, N. J.

ENOS WAS GRI MAN HAD A COUNTY STANDARD
 D. N. J., OCT. 12, 1897.
 A contest has been shown that the Mayor of the County Standard is not a mere name, but a real thing. The contest is a contest of brains and offers. The Mayor of the County Standard is not a mere name, but a real thing. The contest is a contest of brains and offers. The Mayor of the County Standard is not a mere name, but a real thing. The contest is a contest of brains and offers.

MEN WANTED
 for traveling purposes. The children may be taken to the County Standard. The contest is a contest of brains and offers. The Mayor of the County Standard is not a mere name, but a real thing. The contest is a contest of brains and offers.

VOICE OF THE PEOPLE
 The question whether the full elective franchise should be given to women is a fairly debatable one, but after this referendum, no man in New Jersey ought to be heard to assert that in voting the men represent the wishes of the women.

READY TO FILL WINTER ORDERS.
 The J. S. Irving Co. are ready to fill orders for your winter coal supply. Irving's coal needs no recommendation. It's always clean and sure to give satisfaction.

At the Star Theatre, Elizabeth.
 The attraction at the star theatre on Monday evening October 11, was "Agnes Wallace Villa" in the greatest drama on the boards. "The World Against Her" Frank Harvey's melodramatic success. Few plays possess the popularity that does "The World Against Her" now on its eighth season, playing to packed houses at each performance. Comedy features were liberally interspersed throughout the five acts.

LEADING SHOE STORE OF WESTFIELD
 Shoes and Rubbers for Ladies and Children. Men's Patent Leather, Enamel Leather, and heavy Calf Shoes for fall and winter.



JOHN O'BLENIS
 Broad Street, Westfield.

TOWN NOTES.
 Miss Maggie Hetfield is ill at her home in Greenland.
 M. H. Hoffman of Brooklyn spent Sunday with A. R. A. Wolff.
 The Woman's club held their first meeting of the season yesterday afternoon.

Miss Anna Kelley is visiting her sister Mrs. Chas. Kells in Greenpoint Brooklyn.
 If you have anything to sell, let the people know it. Try a "rent a word" in the STANDARD.
 Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Kells of Greenpoint, Brooklyn, spent Sunday with F. P. Kelley and family.

Miss Martha Walker and Andrew Walker of New Milford, Conn., have been visiting M. B. Walker.
 The Garwood school, or the chapel, as it is called by different people, is expected to be ready for occupancy by November 1.
 Edward Beebe and Miss Elsie Briggs, next door neighbors on Prospect street, are having similar additions made to their houses by Builder James Moffett.

The boards of registry and election meet today to make copies of the list to post up for voters' reference. Two weeks from today they will meet to revise the list, which occasion will be the last chance to get your name on the list, if it isn't on today.
 A complimentary musical will be given by the pupils from Greenville and Westfield of Mrs. J. Livingston Dewey, at Columbia hall, Ocean avenue, Greenville, next Thursday evening, beginning at 7:15. The program comprises 25 numbers, piano and vocal.

A party of nine Westfield people attended a surprise party in Elizabeth last night at the residence of Charles Marsh. They were Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Dougherty, Mr. and Mrs. Harry Hill, Mr. and Mrs. Sydney Smith, Mrs. Carrie Gaskeil, Harry Unger and George Dougherty.
 Little Miss Medora Ritchie acted as flower girl last Wednesday at the wedding in Ocean Grove of Miss Mittie Crowell and Harry Sanford Flint of Fall River. She wore white mousseline de sole over pink silk, and received a diamond ring from the bride. Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Ritchie and Mrs. Wm. Donnell of Westfield were present also.

On Saturday night a party of boys coming out of Gale's club house threw three large stones through the front of Chang Mo Wah's laundry on Elm street. Constable Marsh was instructed by Justice Hart to summon five boys to appear before him on Wednesday evening to answer for the outrage. They are Louis Davenport, Claude Hart, Wm. Grogan, Aubrey Smith, Harry Knight and Howard Manning.
 The statement is current about town that the town committee do not consider Friday night's vote conclusive, and may misconstrue it so far as to grant permission for the use by the trolley company of the streets named in the petition which are not parts of the county road, or boggle the matter up in some other way to the general disgust of the public. That view of it might leave the way open from Plainfield as far as Westfield, or to the Cranford line, and complicate matters for the county, if Bergen's plan is adopted. The committee will meet to-night to attend to the Broad street curb matter. It might be well for those interested to be present and say something.

There was a break down at Oakland Sunday which proved quite disastrous. A surrey containing four people and a baby, driven by Jane Glyn, was the cause of the accident. The king bolt broke and spilled the whole party into the road. Mrs. Glyn was very badly bruised about the shoulder and hip, so badly that it was thought her hip was broken. Mrs. Purcell was scratched about the face. Miss Purcell escaped almost unharmed, and Glyn was cut pretty severely on brow and nose. The baby, who seemed to be at the bottom of the heap, was not hurt at all. Dr. Kinch was called and dressed the party's wounds. Mrs. Purcell and daughter were from New York. Glyn and his wife, or mother, were from Union. Wallace Kaylor, into whose house Mrs. Glyn was carried, took the whole party home in his carriage.
 Game Warden Benj. W. Brown yesterday arrested Joseph Sterpone for shooting a robin, and he was fined \$20 and costs by Justice Collins, in default of which he went to jail. These facts came out at the trial: Brown was walking around with a gun on his shoulder when he met Sterpone, who is but 19 years old. He met him in a companionable way, asking if he was getting anything, etc. They continued together for awhile, when Sterpone shot a robin. Brown picked it up, asked Sterpone if he wanted it, and on receiving a negative reply said he guessed he'd take it. On reaching a road a little later he took the boy's gun away from him, arrested him and brought him before Justice Collins. The boy admitted shooting the robin, there were no extenuating circumstances, and the Justice had no choice except to fine him \$20. Brown said he had acted in a perfectly legitimate manner in the matter. Some people will differ with him.

Horatio C. N. Johnson began work this morning on his curbing contract.
 The town committee meet to-night to attend to the Broad street curb matter. They can transact other business, however, and are likely to.
 The well known Thatcher Furnace Co. of New York have several hot water heating contracts in Westfield. Hot water heating in place of the hot air furnace is becoming quite popular.
 Baker Shubolen's horse, frightened by a barking dog, ran away and left its driver in Plainwood yesterday. He slowed up in Westfield and was caught and driven to the store by a little girl. The bread, cakes and pies were all pie when he arrived.
 Denver had its three day Festival of Mountain and Plain this week. There was a division of decorated private carriages in which Miss Sadie Henry appeared in a flower decorated trap, accompanied by Miss Jessamine Harrison. The Republican describes the decorations as very beautiful.
 Samuel V. Davis, who was born in Westfield in 1829, has recently been appointed postmaster of Phillipsburg, N. J. He has been a railroad engineer on the Central, a hotel keeper and a coal dealer. He was elected mayor of Phillipsburg in 1892, and assemblyman a little later from Warren county. He will be remembered by many as a school boy and young man in Westfield.

NOT ON NORTH AVENUE.
 Continued from page 1.
 A trolley road on any county road, Whitehead accepted the amendment. Clark argued for hearing Bergen. Ross thought Clark was out of order. Clark thought not and continued speaking to the motion. The gist of his remarks was, "Don't grant this franchise unless it's the best thing possible for the town. We want Bergen's information."
 McBarrah said we had no objection to hearing Mr. Bergen, but we should settle the matter of the petition first.
 John B. Green thought we ought not to vote until we decided two things. It is a matter of conditions and a matter of route. Most of us would agree to two or three propositions. The enterprise requires capital, and though the public might furnish the capital, the public can't manage the railway. He didn't think the county road should be granted. We have use for the county road as it is. The trolley is desirable, and we want it now, but on proper conditions. It might not be built on the county road as it is.
 Whitehead's motion was then put by the chair, and declared carried. Many did not vote, but no one voted no.
 Frank Bergen then took the stage in response to a desire that seemed unanimous. He said in substance:
 I came to hear and see, and not to speak. I like the manner in which the question has been disposed of. You have settled the question for to night, but not for good. I was active in obtaining the paved county roads; I oppose their destruction. This company have applications before three towns. They would spend \$250,000 or \$300,000 in building this road if they got the franchise. They'd run it for four or five years, and then sell it to another company in which they were largely interested. If there was no such company at hand they would organize one in order to sell to it. They would manage, through the side, to capitalize the road at a million and a half. They would issue a million in bonds and a million and a half in stock. They would make a fat thing of it.
 But I want Union county to have an inning. It's our last chance. You can't find another as good a field for a street railway within a hundred and fifty miles of New York. They are all taken. I know the county can't lose anything. But the county road is the place for the trolley.
 Then, in reply to requests from C. N. Coddling and James O. Clark, he explained that actual estimates indicated that about \$218,000 would be required to carry out his plan, while there was no possibility that it could cost more than \$100,000. He pointed out also that \$50,000 was all the capital an operating company would need, since power could be had of companies at either end which were in the business of supplying power. He thought it should be operated by a company composed of Union county people exclusively.
 In response to sundry questions Mr. Bergen then went into his plan somewhat in detail, as he had done at the Elizabeth meeting. At the close Jas. O. Clark moved a vote of thanks, which was adopted.

The reign of "Half a King" at the Broadway theatre will come to a close on Oct. 25, a week from Saturday night. It is not an abdication. Francis Wilson could play to a profitable business for months to come did not out of town engagements, and Frank Daniel's production of "The Idol's Eye," preclude the lengthening of the time. Following Mr. Daniels at the Broadway theatre will come the production of DeKoven & Smith's new comic opera, "The High wayman." This will be a notable production in more ways than one; it will be the inauguration of the Broadway Theatre Opera company, and the appearance of one of the strongest comic opera casts, probably, of the time.

GILDERSLEEVE'S
 Our Policy is to sell everything as cheap as it is sold anywhere and, with exceptional advantages for buying, careful attention to selections, and due consideration for suggestions, we offer the very best facilities for successful and economical shopping. Our prices are uniformly low throughout the store, and in most cases are such as would be conspicuously displayed as "great bargains" elsewhere.
 Prompt, pleasant and intelligent service is at your command and in asking patronage we invite comparison.
 ONE OF OUR SPECIALTIES IS Dress Linings & Trimmings.
M. J. GILDERSLEEVE DRY GOODS, AND FANCY GOODS.
 BROAD ST., WESTFIELD.

COAL
 AND
LUMBER
 Yards, Westfield Avenue, Spring and Broad Streets, Westfield.

THE NEW ROCHESTER LAMP
 THE STANDARD OF THE WORLD
 Other lamps may be like "the world" as THE ROCHESTER in appearance, but like all imitations, lack the peculiar merit of the genuine. Look for the NEW ROCHESTER stamp. No Smoke, No Smell, No Broken Chimneys.
 Made in every conceivable design and finish, for all lighting or heating purposes, and at prices to compete with any.
 WHY BE CONTENT WITH ANY BUT THE BEST?
 This No. 2675 BANQUET height 22 inches, will heat a plate with silk shade of any color desired, base and head call well and hold firmly in place. Bright gold figure on bronze. Price \$4.50.
 This No. 3101 HEATHER height 22 inches, will heat a plate with silk shade of any color desired. Base and head call well and hold firmly in place. Bright gold figure on bronze. Price \$4.50.
 The Rochester Lamp Co., 37 Barclay Street, New York City

Wood's Newark College.
 200 Students Register in 42 Days!
 The largest school of Business, Shorthand, Typewriting and English in Newark.
 Prof. Wood held first place in Pennsylvania for 15 years, and the large attendance at the Newark College is only a repetition of his past history. With ample capital, elegant equipment and location, excellent faculty and large attendance, the school is acknowledged a great success.
 Send for College Journal, free. Tuition at half the regular price this week.
 874-876 BROAD ST., Opposite City Hall, NEWARK.
 Dr. W. F. Searies, Registrar. S. I. Wood, President.

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BRADBURY PIANOS...
 "Buy of the Maker."
 "BRADBURY PIANOS" are found in the homes of culture and refinement, and are used by musicians for their sterling musical qualities.
F. G. Smith, Mfrgr.
 Warerooms: 679-681 Broad St., NEWARK, N. J.

Did You Ever Notice That
 all the Correct Wedding Invitations and Announcements were engraved by
CHAS. T. AFFLECK,
 PRINTER AND STATIONER,
 96-98 Fulton Street, - New York.
 LOOK FOR HIS IMPRINT NEW TIME PRICES RIGHT

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM
 Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never fails to restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & itching. Keeps the hair from falling out.

Everybody Says No.
 Cigarettes & Candy Cathartes, the most wonderful medical discovery of the age, pleasant and refreshing to the taste, act gently and positively on kidneys, liver and bowels, cleansing the entire system, dispel colds, cure headache, fever, habitual constipation and biliousness. Please buy and try a box of C. C. C. to-day, 10, 25, 50 cents. Sold and guaranteed to cure by all druggists.

James Moffett, Carpenter & Builder.
 Prospect St., WESTFIELD, . . . NEW JERSEY.
 Estimates cheerfully furnished.

James Moffett, Carpenter & Builder.
 Prospect St., WESTFIELD, . . . NEW JERSEY.
 Estimates cheerfully furnished.

THEY FIGHT IT OUT.

HOW ENGLISH ARMY OFFICERS SETTLE THEIR DIFFERENCES.

The Plebeian and the Peer How One Regiment Was Opened to Others Than Offshoots of the Peerage How "Molly" Crashed the Cheeky Youngster.

In view of the disgraceful duel between the Duke of Orleans and the Count of Turin we publish the following article which shows the manner in which British officers settle disputes.

Officers have their disagreements, of course, like other men, and they have to be settled. Duelling is forbidden by law as well as by common ideas and common sense. Complaints respecting infractions of mess etiquette or of ungentlemanly or unsoldierly conduct may be submitted to the mess committee, the punitive powers of which are extremely far-reaching. The life of an officer "sent to Coventry" by his fellows is unendurable, and his only chance is to exchange.

But all this is moral suasion only, and in the end disputes are frequently settled by a resort to first principles—the rule of fist—while redress is sometimes obtained in ways as drastic as they are novel.

A gentleman joined a crack cavalry regiment. He had no pedigree or family to recommend him. In fact, his father was a retired brewer, and by the actions of nobility among his comrades he was rather obdily received.

"Are you the son of such, the brewer?" inquired one of these.

"I am."

"Then why didn't your father bring you up to his trade?"

"Oh, well, you're the son of Lord Blank, aren't you?"

"Yes."

"Then why didn't he bring you up a gentleman?"

The upshot of this was a rough and tumble, wherein was demonstrated that in the army a plebeian is the equal of a peer—if he can box as well.

Another gentleman from the ranks of trade came home one day to find all his crockery and breakable articles in his rooms smashed, the same being intended by the wreckers as a delicate hint that his presence among them was objectionable.

He was late for dinner that evening and apologized to the president of the mess for it, explaining what had happened—that he had been to the rooms of the three he suspected and returned the compliment; if he had wronged any, he would apologize and restore the articles; if he had hit on the right ones, they could have satisfaction in the riding school after dinner.

Accordingly, after dinner, two of them received satisfaction in full, a la Corbett, in drill time, but the third proved a tougher nut to crack, and the big hearted plebeian (who, by the bye, is now a general), weakened by his exertions, was getting worried, so another of the same social status who was an expert boxer took up the running.

He soon finished off the third man and obligingly offered to take on any one who sympathized with the trio. By this means—appropriate to their profession—these two officers opened the door in that regiment to others than offshoots of the peerage, by whom it had previously been regarded as a preserve.

Among officers exchanging from one regiment to another is common. One little man, a lieutenant, incurred the enmity of the men of his troop by continually finding fault and rubbing it in by contrasting them unfavorably with his late corps, till they hated the very name of the "Pinks," as we'll call them.

Not only the rank and file, but the non-commissioned officers, came in for his animadversion till it got unbearable, and at last the troop sergeant major told the captain quietly that there would be a mutiny in the troop before long if it continued.

It so happened that he had also carried his insulting comparisons into the mess, and as he wouldn't take advice and "drop it" his brother officers took the matter into their own hands, with the result that one cold night in February there was a hubbub within the officers' quarters, a window was presently opened, and little "Joey," clad only in his nightshirt, was handed out, seized, placed and held down in a handbarrow, wheeled off to the manure heap and there shot out, to make his way back to bed as best he could. He soon after left the regiment.

The antipodes of this gentleman was an officer in the same regiment, an Irishman, 6 feet 2 and big in proportion, but his "go" was not proportionate to his size. He was too big and apathetic for a cavalry captain. In fact, his nickname, "Molly," will describe him. One "cheeky" youngster appeared to think he could take any liberties with such an easy-going mountain of flesh, and in the billiard room one night he carried his impudence beyond all reason.

"Molly" said nothing. He simply dropped his cue, picked the offender up and sat him violently down on a side table, ignorant or heedless of the fact that upon it were standing glasses and decanters.

It was some time before the surgeons poked the last piece of glass out of the impertinent one, and weeks before he could appear in the saddle again. It is scarcely necessary to say that he gave "Molly" Maguire a wide berth after that.—Pearson's Weekly.

Brimming With Charity.

Ojpollini, a gem of a husband, never allows an opportunity to slip without extolling to the skies the excellent qualities of his better half. "My wife," he was heard to remark the other day, "is so kind, so indulgent toward everybody, that, even when speaking ill of other people, she does not believe a word of it herself."—Bettimand.

THE NEW APPODITE.

Out of the deep-sea stream, Into the light and air, Rose like a generous stream Venus, the fair.

How much of sorrow and rue, How much of joy and peace, Sprang that day from the blue Waters of three!

Oh, from a Cyclops' verge Or swift galleys' prow to have seen Her, the world's wonder, emerge, Veiled in the shewn

Other glorious sea-dripping looks, How out of her and her light, As the sole star that leads out the flocks Of the shepherdess, bright!

But what avails it to sigh For a glimpse of that day withdrawn? Not for long in the sky Stays the fair dawn.

Once the milder lot Under the broad noontide, Gazing, to falter not, Till from the wide

Ocean of life we behold, Rising in splendor and might, Fairer than Venus of old, Calmer than Night,

Purer than Dawn or the blue Depths of ether untold, Nature, the only, the true Daughter of God.

—W. P. Trent in Dial.

PEOPLE OF THE COUNTRY.

Few of Them Seem to Have Learned Anything Noble From Nature.

"For the stability and righteousness of our government we are accustomed to think we must pin our faith on the country people who live near to nature's heart," writes Mrs. Lyman Abbott in The Ladies' Home Journal, the first of a series of "Peaceful Valley" papers, which picture life in an ideal rural community. "But how many of them," she says, "seem to have learned anything noble from her? Her beauty does not refine them, her honesty does not incite them to thoroughness, her free-handedness does not inspire them to generosity—they become narrow and sordid in the midst of grandeur and liberality. They imagine there can be nothing in life but work or play, toil or rest, and they feel a contempt for those who play and rest. They have never learned to mingle work and play, toil and rest in the proportion, and they cease to find any pleasure in life unless they abandon work altogether. Like the tired woman who wrote her own epitaph, they fancy heaven a place where they can 'do nothing forever and ever.'"

"This view of life makes loafers in the village as it makes them in the cities. When a different spirit has found room to grow, a new order of living prevails. Life becomes something more than a slow grinding of the mill, more than a burden, to be endured only because it cannot be at will laid down. It becomes a luxury as well as a necessity. Individuals combine, not for their own advantage, but to multiply benefactions, and as strength increases by its right use, the attainment of one worthy and ambitious advantage is only the suggestion and achievement of another."

LACK ORIGINALITY.

Why Many Criminals Are Easily Brought to Justice.

"One reason why detectives appear to do something miraculous occasionally is that there is after all very little originality in criminals," said one of Chief Hazen's sleuths recently.

"When a man sets out to get money by crooked means, he seldom sits down and evolves a new plan. On the contrary he evidently thinks of the smart cases he has heard of at different times, makes up his mind which suits him best and copies the plan adopted very closely indeed."

"Hence, when the detective sets out, he has, in many instances, quite a string of precedents to take as guides to the course the criminal will probably pursue."

"One case, years ago, that helped me immensely in the business, was a forgery. The man had disappeared and left no clew whatever behind."

"I obtained access to his room and found that he had developed a partiality for cutting scraps from newspapers. There was a whole drawerful of these, and I went through them carefully."

"Several had relation to forgery cases, and one cutting that appeared to be pretty badly fingered described how a forger had got away in woman's attire."

"I worked on the theory that my bird had flown in this manner and followed it up until I finally got on the track and captured the criminal."

"The capture was regarded as a very remarkable one, but, as a matter of fact, the runaway had left for me an exceedingly valuable clew. If he had taken the precaution to burn that cutting, he might have escaped capture altogether."—Cincinnati Enquirer.

"How" Used For "That."

Dr. Holmes wrote half a century ago, "Don't let me beg of you—don't say 'how' for 'what,' and 'Please don't say 'how' for 'that.'" is the wail of the sensitive reader of today. If an American, he is likely to ascribe the reigning fancy for the sin to Mr. Howells, who has taken to it with his usual ferocity, possibly because long practice on his own signature makes the adverb easier for him to write than the conjunction.

Lately the word has begun to infest the writings of English politicians, possibly as a result of association with the Irish members of parliament, for "he said how he was going" is a literal translation of the Gaelic equivalent of "he said that he was going." But the worst instance of its use appears in a letter written by the Hon. Auberon Herbert to the editor of the London News, and mistaking the word 16 times in 40 lines, Comenarius's self could do no more.—New York Times.

A Human Bloodhound.

In Abyssinia they have a very picturesque fashion of identifying thieves. There is an official nominated for the purpose in each district. Upon receiving information of a robbery he gives his confidential servant a dose of certain herbs, afterward a pipe of tobacco.

The man drinks and then smokes. In due course he begins to rave and to crawl about on hands and knees. Then the thief catcher puts a rope about his loins, and on all fours he perambulates the neighborhood, sniffing like a hound, enters a house at last and goes to sleep upon the floor. That is legal evidence of the owner's guilt.

He has to pay the value of the stolen goods, or to "square" the thief catcher, which, as a rule, comes to much the same thing.

The Small Unwashed.

The Lapp lady belongs to the class of the small unwashed. When its mother is in a particularly neat frame of mind, she dabs fat on it, and that is all the bathing that the youngster is likely to get, as it outgrows fondling and fat dabbings in time.

A Massachusetts soldier was the first to lose a leg in the civil war. He enlisted April 30, 1861, and 20 days later his leg was crushed by the fall of a stack of his own company's muskets in the capitol rotunda at Washington.

WITH THREADS OF METAL.

Tinsel Fabrics and the More Costly Brocades of Gold and Silver.

Tinsel fabrics are the lower priced of the cloths into which gold or silver threads have been woven. In tinsel fabrics the gold threads are of brass or copper, gilded, and the silver threads are of white metal. These threads of metal, originally fine wire, are rolled flat and burnished, and they glisten in the fabric wherever the pattern brings them to the surface. Tinsel fabrics are made about three-fourths of a yard in width, and they sell at 75 cents to \$2.50 a yard. They come in various colors, and many of them are beautiful and artistic in design. Some are copies of old Venetian tapestries. Tinsel fabrics are used for church and for theatrical purposes and sometimes for gowns and for decorative purposes.

The costlier fabrics, with interwoven metal threads, are called gold and silver brocades. In these the gold threads are of silver, gold plated, and the silver threads are of pure silver; the body of the fabric is of silk. The brocades are all beautiful, and many of them are exceedingly so. These fabrics are made about five-eighths of a yard in width, and they sell at various prices up to \$25 and sometimes as high as \$50 a yard. The costliest of these fabrics are very rarely imported into this country, brocades at \$10 and \$12 a yard being about the highest priced used here. If more elaborate fabrics are required, they are usually imported to order. The finer fabrics, with metal threads, are made in France, the commoner kinds in Germany.

Gold and silver brocades are here used almost exclusively for church purposes and chiefly for vestments. They are imported in red, violet and green and also in black with silver threads, the black and silver being for mourning. Gold and silver brocades are also used to a limited extent for decorative purposes.

Such fabrics and gold embroidery, often of the costliest description, are far more commonly used in Europe than here, both for church and for military purposes.—New York Sun.

Pullman Cars.

As a railroad train was swinging around a sharp curve a passenger in the sleeping car was thrown against the inside window of the stateroom so violently that his elbow went through the glass. The Pullman conductor came promptly to the rescue, asking if he was hurt.

"No, I'm not," answered the passenger good naturedly, "but the Pullman company's dividends will be cut down this year by the price of one pine. I suppose the stockholders can stand it, though."

"The Pullman stockholders won't have to," said the conductor. "It comes out of the X, Y and Z. Railroad company, to whose train we are attached. I shall make out a damage slip, the train conductor will certify it, the repairs will be made at the end of the route, and the railroad company will foot the bill. Theirs is a mighty little, I tell you, except ordinary wear and tear, that the railroad company doesn't pay for. If there is a scratch on the side of this car at the end of a run, the X, Y, and Z. pays for it, not the Pullman company."—New York Tribune.

Caltness in Emergency.

Dr. Weir Mitchell, lecturing to a school of nurses lately upon the necessity of self control in emergencies, told the following incident: "One of his patients, while in a low, nervous condition, swallowed by mistake a dose from the wrong bottle. She shrieked out that she was poisoned. One of the nurses screamed 'Acenite!' and began to cry hysterically. The other nurse, seeing that the patient was going into convulsions from terror, when relief would be impossible, said coolly: 'Don't be frightened. Look here,' taking a mouthful of the dose herself. She then went outside to rid her mouth of it, prepared an emetic and sent for a doctor and a strong pump. Her calmness saved the life of the patient."

Singing and Milking.

In Switzerland a milkmaid or milkman gets better wages if gifted with a good voice, because it has been discovered that a cow will yield one-fifth more milk if soothed during the milking by a pleasing melody.

The Missouri supreme court declared that the law against opium smoking and gun joints is unconstitutional, because it interferes with the right of police whatever they choose.

Ever, seventh person in the United Kingdom a Londoner.

C. E. PEARSALL & Co

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A STRANGE MIX UP.

How the Theft of a Bicycle Led to Embarrassing Complications.

Among the strange complications for which the bicycle has been responsible the following is rather a masterpiece in point of intricacy. These persons who took part in it are now disposed to view the incident with some pride as a triumph of confusion and misunderstanding not likely to be duplicated.

B., who lives far up town, had occasion to visit a bicycle store on the Boulevard a few days ago. He left his wheel outside, near the rack in which stood several machines for rent. While he was attending to his errand inside the shop he chanced to glance out through the door just in time to see a man spring upon his unguarded wheel and ride off at a furious pace down the street. With an exclamation of rage B. rushed to the sidewalk, seized one of the wheels from the rack and started off in hot pursuit of the thief.

The proprietor of the shop stood for a moment aghast. He had not seen the beginning of the trouble, and the only thing clear to him was that his supposedly honest customer had made an astonishingly bold attempt to steal a wheel from the rack. There was only one thing to be done. Jumping upon another wheel, he joined in the chase, and the three scorching up the Boulevard in admirable racing style. The real thief proved the poorest rider of the three, as the shopkeeper was unquestionably the best, and the result of this state of affairs was that the distances between the different members of the trio grew speedily less. As they drew together a truck crossed the avenue, crowding them into a small space. The rate at which they were going precluded any dismounting, and the three came into collision with a resounding crash. Before they had fairly extricated themselves a policeman appeared. His first proposition was to "run them all in" for scorching, but, impressed by the unusual excitement of his prisoners, who seemed to be more disturbed in mind than ordinary scorchers, he waited to hear their stories.

This, as may be imagined, was no short task. The genuine thief was the only one who saw humor in the situation. Knowing that he had nothing to say for himself, he stood by and grinned, while the shopkeeper and his customer spluttered out angry and conflicting accounts of the affair. But the truth was finally ascertained. As he collared the guilty man and dismissed the other two the policeman announced that no charge of scorching would be pressed against anybody.

"If I have two or three more cases like this to settle," he remarked to a bystander, "it's a lawyer I'll be calling myself instead of an officer."—New York Tribune.

Sixty thousand dollars a year a salary drawn by the French ambassador in London, is the largest sum paid to any diplomatist in the world.

Advertisement for Siegel-Cooper shoe store. Includes text: 'THE MOST ECONOMICAL SHOE STORE IN NEW YORK CITY', 'THE QUALITIES AND THE PRICES BOTH ARE RIGHT', 'MEET ME AT THE FOUNTAIN', 'SIEGEL-COOPER A CITY IN ITSELF.', 'THE BIG STORE.', 'ON MERCHANDISE AMOUNTING TO \$25.00 OR OVER FULLY PAID FOR AT TIME OF PURCHASE WE WILL PREPAY FREIGHT TO ANY RAILROAD STATION WITHIN 100 SHIPPING MILES OF NEW YORK CITY.', 'VISITORS TO NEW YORK WILL FIND THE BIG STORE ONE OF THE SIGHTS OF THE GREAT CITY.'

Advertisement for George Sheelen Baker & Confectioner. Includes text: 'GEORGE SHEELEN . . BAKER & CONFECTIONER.', 'FINEST QUALITY AND FULL LINE OF CREAM PUFFS and FRENCH CRULLERS.', 'BREAD, CAKES, PIES, PASTRY, ETC.', 'TIER'S ICE CREAM.', 'Orders called for and delivered. BROAD STREET, WESTFIELD.', 'JUST A WORD TO THOSE DESIRING STEAM OR HOT WATER HEATING.', 'Try no experiment, when you can get what you know are good. OUR SYSTEMS are to be found in hundreds of the most satisfactorily heated homes in New Jersey.', 'SEND FOR CIRCULARS. ESTIMATES FREE.', 'THE F. D. STEPHENS CO., GERMAN VALLEY, N. J.'

CRANFORD.

THEY FIGHT... CRANFORD.

The Standard is on sale Tuesday and Friday at the Union News Co's stand.

All communications for Cranford Department should be sent to E. R. Clyma, Cranford, N. J.

POST OFFICE DIRECTORY. OCTOBER MONTHS.

Eastward.		Westward.	
Leave.	Close.	Leave.	Close.
8:15 a. m.	8:45 a. m.	8:55 a. m.	9:25 a. m.
2:45 p. m.	3:15 p. m.	3:25 p. m.	3:55 p. m.
6:15 p. m.	6:45 p. m.	6:55 p. m.	7:25 p. m.
INCOMING MAILS.			
From East.		From West.	
8:25 a. m.	8:55 a. m.	8:55 a. m.	9:25 a. m.
2:45 p. m.	3:15 p. m.	3:25 p. m.	3:55 p. m.
6:15 p. m.	6:45 p. m.	6:55 p. m.	7:25 p. m.

The Athletic club elect officers to-night. St. Agnes guild met this afternoon at the rectory, at 3. W. S. Stevenson, a former resident, spent Sunday with E. K. Adams.

Mrs. Towney sr. arrived today from Sayreville, N. J., on a visit to her son. —Mrs. James Warner goes away this week on an extended visit to relatives. The new carriage for Union Home company is expected about December 1. Mrs. M. R. Bennett will build in addition to her residence on Riverside drive.

The Presbyterian Ladies' Aid society are planning for a fair in the chapel in December. Harry Crane will start Saturday for Warwick Conn., advised, for a visit to his cousin. Miss Mabel Hughes returned yesterday from visits in New York and Mount Vernon.

Charles R. Williams is in town looking after his household goods and other kindred matters. The missionary guild of Trinity church will meet at the home of Mrs. Starr on Milk street next Tuesday afternoon at 3. The Cranford library will be open hereafter on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday afternoons from 3 until 5 o'clock.

Mrs. Woodhall, Mrs. M. A. Townley's mother, returned yesterday from Sayreville, where she has been visiting for some time. The Casino folks will dance on the evening of October 26, and call it celebrating the anniversary of the opening of the old casino. The cottage prayer meeting which was to be held at Mr. Howell's this evening has been postponed on account of the school meeting to-night.

Great preparations are in progress for the Union County Sunday school convention, to be held in the Presbyterian church, October 28. Jedediah Bassett's singing' skule will meet at Cranford next Tuesday evening in the Presbyterian chapel, under the auspices of the Christian Endeavor society. Thomas A. Sperry has purchased the lot at the corner of Union avenue and Clarence street, 70x200, through Ferguson & Van Nune, and will build a \$10,000 stone house for his own home.

A small black board in the Athletic club house bears these remarkable bowling scores, made by John Waterston: October 5, 234; October 6, 206; October 9, 292; October 9, 206. The Rev. Alfred Evans is visiting in Massachusetts. Presiding Elder Smith preached from his pulpit last Sunday morning, and the Rev. Mr. Humphrey of Elizabeth preached in the evening. Next Sunday will be good tidings day in the Methodist church, and members are requested to bring vegetables, fruit and flowers with which to decorate the church. A special program has been arranged. The Epworth league meets to-morrow evening at Mrs. Johnson's, on Union avenue. The meeting will be in charge of the merrily and help committee, and missionary salad will be a part of the program.

A. B. Bigelow starts for Europe today, by the steamer Barbarossa. He will visit London, Paris, and perhaps Germany or Switzerland. He will be gone two months, and hopes to return much improved in health.

Royal makes the food pure, wholesome and delicious.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER
Absolutely Pure

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

WESTFIELD WINS AGAIN.

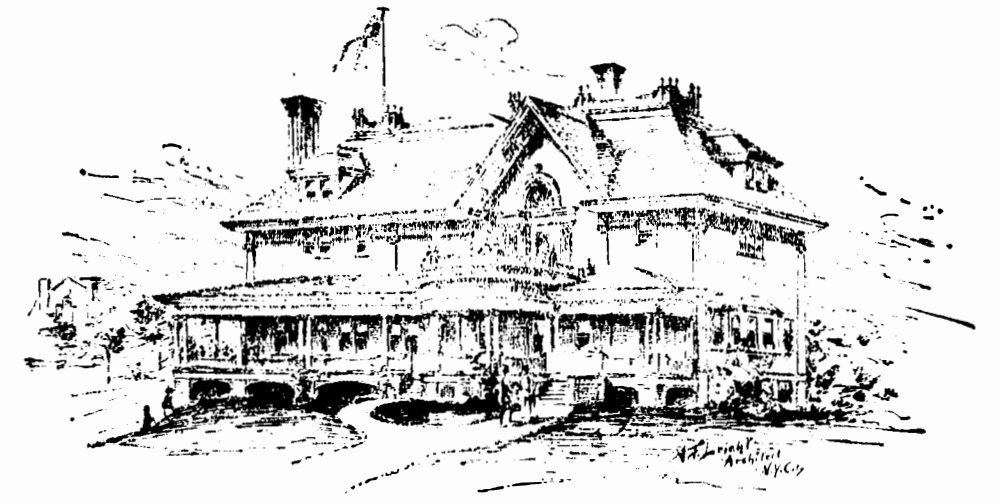
THEY DEFEAT PLAINFIELD BY A SCORE OF 18 0.

15 Yard Run For Touchdown by Carberry Westfield Leads the League.
The Westfield club team opened the football season in Westfield on Saturday, playing the Plainfield Crocodiles and defeating them handsily, in the presence of a large crowd of onlookers. This was Westfield's second game and win in the Journal Football League, and as Eliza both lost to Rahway, Westfield is now in first place. It was a clean game. There was not a single "scrap" or "blow" to mar it. Each team devoted itself to playing football, and it was a pleasure to watch the game. The crowd helped matters by keeping outside the bounds during the game.

THE FIRST HALF.
Captain Perrin won the toss for Plainfield and chose the wind, defending the north goal. Westfield had the ball and Birch started the game with a good kick off, the ball being downed on Plainfield's 35 yard line. Westfield got the ball on a fumble and shortly afterward lost it the same way. The ball went backward and forward, until Westfield sent Plainfield back for a loss of 23 yards to their 15 yard line. Here Plainfield was held for two downs, which Westfield thought was three, and consequently Meier put the ball in play and Westfield pushed over for a touch down, which was not allowed. The referee ordered the ball back and given to Plainfield. This ruling was right. The ball ended with the ball on Plainfield's 10 yard line. In fact the ball was in their territory about all the time, yet Westfield couldn't seem to get any yard advantage. The boys did not seem able to get together. More practice should help that. After 10 minutes intermission.

THE SECOND HALF.
Stockport, England, boasts one of the largest Sunday schools in the world. The total number of scholars at present on the books is no fewer than 4,864, while there are 238 male and 195 female teachers—a grand army of over 5,000.

THE NEW CASINO.



The above is a portrait of the new Casino that is to be. A description of the new building was published in these columns a week ago. Since then it is announced that Everett Pierson will do the mason work, H. A. Rath the plumbing, Philip Jahn the painting and Cabat & Hart the wiring of the new building. Dieckrich Kreie having the contract for the whole. He promises to have it completed by January 1, 1908. A. F. Licht is the architect. The officials of the Casino company are:—J. C. Hunt president, Geo. G. Littell vice president, Frank R. Bourne secretary, Kenyon Messick treasurer. Directors, Joseph Purcell, E. W. Austin, J. A. Hibson, S. W. Sharpe, James Rodgers, E. L. Heleker, W. H. Tripp, Charles W. Littell, Harry Wilber and the three officers first named.

and in sustaining him after he is selected. If both sides had agreed to an Australian ballot, so that each voter could write his yes or no after each proposition, and finish up the business at once, much time and talk might have been saved. As it is, there will be two printed ballots in the field, probably, and a possibility of much confusion unless every move is thought out thoroughly before hand. Edward Beale has been called away at the last moment, so that two of the principal leaders of the opposition, he and A. B. Bigelow, will be absent. Everybody in the least degree interested should be there and vote.

Apple Dessert.

Peel some apples and put them in a jar with sugar to sweeten and a few drops of water and lemon or cloves to flavor the apples slightly. Put the jar, closely covered, in a saucepan of boiling water. Cook till tender, when heat to a pulp. Have ready some nicely sweetened custard and gradually stir into the fruit pulp, beating them together until thoroughly amalgamated and creamy. Serve in custard glasses. This is a nice sweet dish for children served with raisins, cream, etc., instead of pies or tarts. Cream or new milk can be used instead of the custard.

Taproot Souffle.

Put one-half cupful of pearl tapioca over the fire with a pint of milk. Cook until the tapioca is clear. Add a cupful of sugar and the yolks of 4 eggs well beaten. Stir a minute, then remove from the fire, and when almost cold flavor with a teaspoonful of vanilla. Add the well whisked whites of eggs, pour half the mixture into a souffle pan, scatter a concave of candied cherries over it, when add the other half and bake for 20 minutes. Serve at once.

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To quit tobacco easily and forever, be happy, healthy, full of life, nerve and vigor, take No. 7. This is the wonder-worker, that makes weak men strong. All druggists, 50c or \$1. Cure guaranteed. Booklet and sample free. Address: Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

ARTIST TILING.

THE LARGEST WORK GUARANTEED

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GRILLE AND FRET WELDED, N. J.
JUST NOW you are thinking about PLACER.
We can **WEAR** CL
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THE OUTDOOR CHAIR

The curved pillars of the tree. The flowered meadow of the green, translucent tracery of leaf on leaf that lightly lift. And lightly moves when breezes.

Butterworth's Trade is the Lenient Way of Treating For Returners. Commissioner of Patents Butterworth is one of the men who believe that prosecuting attorney is better employed in side teaching and giving opportunity to the road to penitentiary and getting them on the road to righteousness than in corraling them for shipment to the penitentiary, where they are thrown into association with professional crooks. Several years ago Major Butterworth was prosecuting attorney in southern Ohio and he had the opportunity to test his theory regarding the discrimination that should be used in dealing with men newly launched into crime. A young farmer was arrested for passing counterfeit simulators, as the 50 cent note was known, and the case was put in the hands of Major Butterworth. The young man told his story. He had saved several hundred dollars, had left his wife and little children and had taken a boat down the Mississippi river, purposing to settle on a new farm he was to buy with his hard earned savings. On the boat he met an extremely pleasant and well dressed stranger, who learned of his mission and proceeded to make himself agreeable. In a moment of extreme confidence the stranger told the young man of a large quantity of money he had which was made from plates that had formerly belonged to the government and which the government had long since sought to recover, etc. The young man was struck by that remarkable method of acquiring wealth when he had toiled and saved for years to get his few hundred. In a burst of generosity the stranger offered to exchange some of his money for green backs belonging to his new found friend, so that the latter should have two dollars for every one he possessed. The bait was tempting and the fish bit. At the next landing the well dressed man disappeared from the boat and the duped became alarmed. He became suspicious of his new money and was afraid to offer it in payment of his passage. He, too, left the boat, determined to go back home. He started to walk and became footsore. He began shoving the money to buy something to eat, the counterfeit was discovered and the arrest was made. Major Butterworth took in the situation.

PILES PERMANENTLY CURED

In From 3 to 5 days' time, by the use of LO-SHO.

One bottle guaranteed to cure any case of piles, regardless of how long standing, what you have tried, or what your physician may claim. Money refunded if permanent cure is not obtained in the most severe cases in less than 5 days' time. After all others fail get Lo-Sho and be cured. Price, 75c. per bottle. Sold by all first-class druggists, or sent prepaid to any address, on receipt of price. Address Harry Logue, Williamsport, Pa.

Coddish Steaks.

There are various ways of serving coddish steaks. The following is a plan illustrated and described in the Boston Cooking School Magazine: Cut four fine steaks crosswise, roll them in olive oil, seasoned with salt and white pepper, then lay them on a gridiron, well oiled and very hot, and broil on both sides. They will broil in about ten minutes. Arrange them on a mound of potato balls. Season with maitre d'hotel butter and garnish with a lemon basket filled with parsley. To make the maitre d'hotel butter beat half a cup of butter to a cream, add salt and pepper, a little lemon juice and some parsley chopped very fine.

English Walnuts In Chicken Salad.

English walnuts added to a chicken salad are delightful. Boil halves of the nuts in salted water, or, better still, cook in the liquid that the chicken was soaked in, so long that the brown skin can be easily removed. When they are cold, mix them with the prepared chicken and celery, putting as many in as will suit the taste, and cover with mayonnaise dressing.

SI
The Emblem of the Waterfall.
My character is the Emblem of the Waterfall. And, in my character, I am the Emblem of the Waterfall. And, in my character, I am the Emblem of the Waterfall.

Butterworth's Trade

3 and 5 WEEK

Don't give them the new food drink, read fiction and more...
Lo-Sho
Curing
Terms sent and
Mason's Co.
3 and 5 WEEK

Mt. Alder.

Superior delivered
H. WILLOUGHBY
Furniture moving
work by d

What Tropic...
A correspondent Post gives the following statistics: United States 40 with typhoid fever there die. They average out of every 11,200,000 from this disease.
Every case of this month, generally typhoid. If the wages only 60 cents a day \$15 a month. It means a loss of \$30 or \$80. Wages for six weeks to this the doctor's white from \$60 to \$80. If the patient has a trained nurse, there is another \$40. The prepared food brings this moderate. Multiply this by the number of cases, and we can see why the United States \$20,000,000 die by the thousands of typhoid.

Looking Back...
"You must feel very lovely cottage you call you." "How can I when I think of the estate that I owned, with a castle and a regiment of servants?" "Why, when did they lose it?" "During the eleventh century, Brooklyn Life.